Financial Statements PAKISTAN KIDNEY INSTITITE As at June 30, 2020



NASIR JAVAID MAQSOOD IMRAN

Office # 17, 2nd Floor, Hill View Plaza, Above Fresco Sweets Blue Area Jinnah Avenue Islamabad

Phone: +92-51-2228138 +92-51-2228139

Email: islamabadoffice@njmi.net

Auditor's Report to the Management

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of PAKISTAN KIDNEY INSTITUTE as at 30 June 2020 and the related Income and expenditure account, and statement of changes in General Funds together with the notes forming part thereof (here in after referred to as the financial statements for the year then ended).

It is the responsibility of the management of the project to establish and maintain a system of internal control and prepare and present the account in conformity with the accounting policies adopted by the project management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Account based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Account is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the account. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Account. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis of our opinion.

The accompanying Account was prepared solely to report on the activities of the Project, in accordance with the accounting policies adopted by the project management, and is not a full presentation in conformity with the International Accounting Standards.

In our opinion, the Account present fairly in all material respects the results of its operations for the period then ended in accordance with the accounting policies.

Date: December 18, 2020

Place: Islamabad

Nasir Javaid Magsood Imran

Chartered Accountants

IMRAN UL HAQ, FCA



PAKISTAN KIDNEY INSTITUTE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

	Nome	2020	2019
ASSETS	NOTE	Rupees	Rupees
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Operating fixed assets Long term investments	3 4	8,966,245 69,900,000 78,866,245	9,479,494 65,019,000 74,498,494
CURRENT ASSETS			
Advances to Staff Withholding tax Bank balances-deposit accounts	5 6 7	10,000 263,355 7,236,731 7,510,086	169,415 13,076,892 13,246,307
TOTAL ASSETS		86,376,332	87,744,801
FUND AND LIABILITIES			
FUND			
General fund	8	86,264,376	87,701,750
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accrued and other liabilities	9	111,956	43,051
TOTAL FUND AND LIABILITIES		86,376,332	87,744,801

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

PRESIDENT

PAKISTAN KIDNEY INSTITUTE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	NOTE	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
INCOME Donations Patient income Other income	10 11 _	8,644,995 1,057,261 1,483,055 11,185,311	7,565,066 970,954 1,824,764 10,360,784
EXPENDITURE The state of the s	Γ	1,847,249	300,000
Salaries, allowances and other benefits Patient care expenses Printing and stationery Conveyance & Transportation		13,734,894 101,768 214,562 38,684	9,530,736 3,500 62,393 2,860
Postage and communication Auditors' remuneration Consultancy charges		40,000 319,000 996,249	15,000 - 1,075,734
Depreciation Computer and website expenses Store rent Transportation		71,730 24,000 13,000	90,375
Bank charges Miscellaneous		9,555 17,411,120	11,081,398
Profit(Loss)/ Before Taxation	_	(6,225,809) (92,565)	(720,614) (214,637)
Taxation - Current (Deficit)Surplus/ After Taxation transferred to General Fund		(6,318,374)	(935,251)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

PRESIDENT

TRUSTEE

PAKISTAN KIDNEY INSTITUTE NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 THE INSTITUTE AND ITS ACTIVITIES

Pakistan Kidney Institute is registered under the Societies Registration Act 1860. The objectives of the institute are to find, build, aid, assist, set up, manage, maintain, own, administer, and run hospitals, medical centers and institutions, laboratories, centers of learning and other institutions for studies and research in the field of medicine.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of Preparation

(a) Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards for Small-Sized Entities (SSEs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

(b) Accounting Convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

2.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards for Medium-Sized Entities issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates in these financial statements relate to the useful life of depreciable assets. However, assumptions and judgments made by the management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements are not expected to result in material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

2.3 Foreign exchange

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rate applicable at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Pak rupees using exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. All gains and losses on settlement and translation at year end are recognised in the income and expenditure account.

2.4 Operating fixed assets

Cost

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises acquisition and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to working condition. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Project and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to income and expenditure account on reducing balance method. Depreciation on additions to operating fixed assets are charged from the month in which an item is put to use while no depreciation is charged from the month in which the item is derecognized / disposed off.

Derecognition

An item of operating fixed assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the income and expenditure account in the year the asset is

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant. Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in income and expenditure account currently.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to income and expenditure account as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the asset so replaced, if any, are written off. Gains and losses on disposal of assets, if any, are included in income and expenditure account currently.

South.

2.5 Investments

Classification of investment is made on the basis of intended purpose for holding such investment.

Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such designation on regular basis.

Investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to acquisition, except for "investment at fair value through profit and loss" which is initially measured at fair value.

a) Available-for-sale

Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to need for liquidity, or changes to interest rates or equity prices are classified as available-for-sale. After initial recognition, investments which are classified as available-for-sale are measured at fair value. Gains or losses on available-for-sale investments are recognized directly in statement of changes in general fund until the investment is sold, de-recognized or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in statement of changes in general fund is included in income and expenditure account.

2.6 Impairment of assets

An assessment is made at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment or reversal of previous impairment, including items of operating fixed assets, long term investments. In the event that an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount and an impairment loss is recognised in the income and expenditure account. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation), had no impairment losses been recognised for the asset in the prior years. Reversal of impairment loss is restricted to the original cost of the asset.

2.7 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transactions will flow to the project and the amount of revenue and the associated cost incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

- (i) Donations and patient income are recognized on actual receipt basis;
- (ii) Return on long term investment and return on bank deposits are recognized on accrual basis.

2.8 Other receivables

Other receivables are stated at estimated realisable value after each debt has been considered individually. Where the payment of debt becomes doubtful a provision is made and charged to the income and expenditure account.

2.9 Accrued and other liabilities

Accrued and other liabilities are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received.

2.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Project has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made of the amount of obligation.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at book value which approximates to its fair value. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash with banks on current and deposit accounts.

2.12 Taxation

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits available, if any. Deferred tax where applicable is accounted for using the liability method.

5. AL

OPERATING FIXED ASSET				
	Medical Equipment	Furniture and fixture	Computer Equipment	Total
		Rupee	S	
Year ended 30 June 2017				
Opening net book value	12,909,936	10.704		
Addition	12,707,930	12,724	195,750	12,922,660
Total	12,909,936	12,724	105.750	-
Depreciation charge	1,290,994	1,272	195,750 64,598	12,922,660
Closing net book value	11,618,942	11,452	131,153	1,356,864 11,565,796
At 30 June 2017			131,133	11,303,790
Cost	14,297,301	42,500	270,000	14,609,801
Accumulated depreciation Net book value	(2,678,358)	(31,048)	(138,848)	(2,848,254)
rice book value	11,618,943	11,452	131,153	11,761,547
			-	7
Year ended 30 June 2018				
Opening net book value	11,618,943	11,452	121 152	
Addition		-	131,153	11,761,547
Total	11,618,943	11,452	131,153	11.761.547
Depreciation charge	1,161,894	1,145	43,280	11,761,547 1,206,320
Closing net book value	10,457,049	10,307	87,872	10,555,228
At 30 June 2018 Cost			01,072	10,333,220
Accumulated depreciation	14,297,301	42,500	270,000	14,609,801
Net book value	(3,840,252)	(32,193)	(182,128)	(4,054,573)
The cook value	10,457,049	10,307	87,872	10,555,228
Year ended 30 June 2019				
Opening net book value	10,457,049	10.20=		
Addition	10,437,049	10,307	87,872	10,555,228
Total	10,457,049	10,307	97.070	•
Depreciation charge	1,045,705	1,031	87,872	10,555,228
Closing net book value	9,411,344	9,276	28,998	1,075,734
At 30 June 2019		7,270	58,874	9,479,494
Cost	14,297,301	42,500	270,000	14 600 001
Accumulated depreciation	(4,885,957)	(33,224)	(211,126)	14,609,801 (5,130,307)
Net book value	9,411,344	9,276	58,874	9,479,494
				3,173,434
Year ended 30 June 2020				
Opening net book value	0.411.244	6.5		
Addition	9,411,344 483,000	9,276	58,874	9,479,494
Total	9,894,344	0.276	•	483,000
Depreciation charge	989,434	9,276 928	58,874	9,962,494
Closing net book value	8,904,909	8,348	5,887	996,249
At 30 June 2020	3,501,505	0,540	52,987	8,966,245
Cost	14,780,301	42,500	270.000	
Accumulated depreciation	(5,875,392)	(34,152)	270,000 (217,013)	15,092,801
Net book value	8,904,909	8,348	(217,013) 52,987	(6,126,556)
		5,010	32,701	8,966,245

Annual rate of depreciation (%)

10

10

33

PAKISTAN KIDNEY INSTITUTE NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

		Notes	2020 Rupees	2019 Rupees
4	LONG TERM INVESTMENT		•	
	Avaiable for sale			
	Cost/Carrying value Unrealised Gain	4.1	65,019,000 4,881,000 69,900,000	61,578,000 3,441,000 65,019,000
4.1	It represent 300,000 ordinary shares of Shifa International Hosthese shares is Rs. 233.00 (2019; Rs.216.73).	spitals Ltd. 1	received as a donation	on. Fair value of
5	Advances			
	Advance against expenses		10,000	· ·
6	Withholding tax			
	Withholding tax opening balance		169,415	136,887
	With held during the year		186,505	247,165
	Taxation		00.555	(214 (25)
	-Current -Write off		92,565	(214,637)
			92,565	(214,637)
_			263,355	169,415
7	Bank Balances Foreign currency accounts		79 520	70.05/
	Local currency accounts		78,539 7,158,192	78,056 12,998,835
			7,236,731	13,076,891
8	General Fund			
	Opening Balance		87,701,750	85,196,000
	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		(6,318,374)	(935,250)
	Surplus arsising on remeasurement of investment to fair value Closing Balance		4,881,000	3,441,000
	Closing Balance		86,264,376	87,701,750
9	Accrued and other Liabilities			
	Audit Fee Payable		40,000	15,000
	EOBI Payable Income Tax Payable		1,050	•
	medic fax fayable		70,906 111,956	28,051 43,051
10	Donations			
	Patient care		8,644,995	7,565,066
			8,644,995	7,565,066
		7:2	*	

PAKISTAN KIDNEY INSTITUTE NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

		2020 Rupees	Rupees
11	OTHER INCOME		
	Profit on deposit accounts	718,055	446,387
	Dividend	765,000	1,350,000
	Exchange Gain		28,377
		1,483,055	1,824,764

12 IMPACT OF COVID-19

The pandemic of COVID-19 that has rapidly spread all across tha world has not only endangered human lives but also has adversly impacted tha global economy. In March, 2020, the Government of tha Pakisan announced a Temporay lock down as a measure to reduce tha spread of tha COVID-19. Complying with tha lockdown, tha Compny Reduced its operational activites from March 23, 2020. The Lockdown was subsequently relaxed from end of May, 2020. After implementing all tha neccessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Compny henceforth resumed its operations at full from June 1, 2020 and has taken all neccessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of its business in order to maintain bisiness performance despite slowed down economic activity. Due to this, management has assessed the accounting implications of thes developments on these financial statements, including but not limited to the following areas:

-going concern assumption used for tha preparation of these financial statements.

According to management 's assessent, there is no significant accounting impact of the effects of COVID-19 in these financial statements.

13 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on <u>Dev18, 2020</u> by the Board of Trustees of the Foundation.

14 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

No significant reclassification / rearrangement of corresponding figures has been made.

15 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

PRESIDENT